

Standard written method for addition of 2-digits (pg 2)

© Mathsblog

www.mathsblog.co.uk

This is the second maths worksheet on addition using the standard method.

(It must be pointed out that usually 2-digit addition should be tackled 'in your head'. The sum we are doing here can be done by adding 50 to 66, making 116 and then subtracting 2 making 114. However, to practise the written method it is often useful to keep to smaller numbers)

The method is to add the units first, put the units in the answer, and 'carry' the ten into the tens column. Then add the tens. So, the steps are:

Step 1: **add the units**

$$6 + 8 = 14$$

Put the 4 in the units below the question.

Step 2: **place the ten**

Then place the one ten below the answer in the tens column.
(Usually it is written slightly smaller)

Step 3: **add the tens**

$$6 \text{ (tens)} + 4 \text{ (tens)} + 1 \text{ (ten)} = 11 \text{ (tens)}$$

Place the 1 (ten) in the tens column and the 1(hundred) in the hundreds column.

Notice, that when adding two numbers the units can never add up to more than 18 (9 + 9) so it is impossible to 'carry' more than 1 (ten).

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 66 \\ + 48 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 66 \\ + 48 \\ \hline 4 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 66 \\ + 48 \\ \hline 114 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

Standard written method for addition of 2-digits (pg 2)

© Mathsblog

www.mathsblog.co.uk

1. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 28 \\ + 63 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

2. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 46 \\ + 55 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

3. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 34 \\ + 28 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

4. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 59 \\ + 47 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

5. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 66 \\ + 78 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

6. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 70 \\ + 69 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

7. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 92 \\ + 47 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

8. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 57 \\ + 68 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

9. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 78 \\ + 44 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

10. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 83 \\ + 65 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

11. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 67 \\ + 56 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

12. $\begin{array}{r} \text{t} \quad \text{u} \\ 79 \\ + 99 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

Standard written method for addition of 2-digits (pg 2)

© Mathsblog

www.mathsblog.co.uk

1. 91

2. 101

3. 62

4. 106

5. 144

6. 139

7. 139

8. 125

9. 122

10. 148

11. 123

12. 178